

# Waterbury Evening Democrat.

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## BETRAYED BY A WOMAN

### MRS NACK TELLS HOW THORN MURDERED GULDENSUPPE.

She Was the Principal Witness in To-Day's Hearing—Told How She Lured the Man to the House and Went Outside While Thorn Did the Killing.

New York, Nov. 10.—When everything was in readiness for the Thorn trial this morning Judge Smith entered accompanied by District Attorney Walter Jaycox, of Suffolk county, and took his seat on the bench at 9:30 o'clock. Mr Jaycox sat beside him. The twelve jurors then took their respective places in the jury box and a minute later Thorn handcuffed to Captain Methven came in and shook hands with his counsel. The latter informed the prisoner for the first time of the confession of Mrs Nack and Thorn's face flushed. Mr Howe handed his client a copy of a morning paper bearing a large headline which read, "Mrs Nack has turned states evidence." Thorn gazed at it intently and then handed the paper back. Mrs Nack then entered the court room. At sixteen minutes to 10 o'clock the main door of the court house opened and Mrs Nack accompanied by her lawyer and Deputy Sheriff Debraaga walked up the center of the court and when she reached the district attorney's table she stood within three feet of Thorn who eyed her closely, but his face, which had been flushed, took on the same pale color which it has borne since Monday last. His face was a study. His lips were closely compressed but otherwise he did not show any concern. The woman had only stood for a moment at the side of the prosecutor's table when she was directed to take the witness stand. To do this she had to walk within a foot of Thorn but she did not look at him. She passed around the back of the jury box and walked directly to the witness chair.

She was dressed in black with a white lace corsage and over her shoulders was thrown a black figured silk cape. Her hat was also of black, trimmed with green. She looked remarkably well considering her long confinement in prison and her face was flushed, but this was probably due to excitement.

Judge Weller began the direct examination of the woman as soon as she was seated in the witness chair.

She began by telling her name, age and where she was born and by degrees she led up to the time that she had left her husband and was living with Guldensuppe at 439 Ninth avenue.

Mrs Nack then went on to tell how she first met Thorn and Guldensuppe. She said that in March last she was residing at 439 Ninth avenue with William Guldensuppe who was known there as her husband. Thorn came there to board. Thorn and Guldensuppe had a fight. Guldensuppe licked Thorn downstairs. Thorn pulled a revolver and fired one shot at Guldensuppe, but it did not hit him. About fourteen days later a man came to my house for Thorn's clothes. I told the man that Thorn was sick in the hospital, but gave him the clothes. Thorn came back three days later with his face and eyes black and blue and his neck swollen. He asked me for money. "Why did he ask you for money?" "He got no work and I gave him money. When Thorn went away I promised to pay his board bill until he could get work. I met Thorn after this at 23rd street and Ninth avenue and I gave him \$20. Thorn was very bitter against Guldensuppe."

Gradually the lawyer led the witness up to the morning of Friday, June 25, the day that the crime was committed. She said she and Guldensuppe left New York between 9 and 10 o'clock that morning and after they had crossed the ferry they boarded a trolley car which left them at the Woodside cottage. "I had the key of the house," she said, "and I opened the front door. I told Guldensuppe to enter and examine the house while I went into the yard."

"He went up stairs and I heard a shot. Martin Thorn then came running down and when he met me he said: 'I've shot him; he is dead.' He was very excited and I was half dead," said Mrs Nack.

"What did you do then?" asked Judge Weller. "He told me to go home and come back at 5 o'clock. When I came back that evening Thorn had everything packed up in bundles. He handed me a bundle which he said contained Guldensuppe's clothes and he took another bundle which was wrapped up in grey colored paper. He said that that was Guldensuppe's head and that it was done up in plaster of Paris. We took the trolley car and went over to New York on a ferry boat."

"On which ferry?" "I don't know. I am a stranger to the city and cannot say. When we reached New York I went home and Thorn went some other place. I cut open the bundle and found clothes."

"Whose clothes?" asked the prosecutor. "William Guldensuppe's," replied the woman emphatically. "I saw Thorn that evening again and he told me to meet him the following morning at 43rd street ferry."

"Where had he put the head?" "I don't know. He only told me that he had done away with it. I met him the next day and then we arranged about hiring a carriage." The woman then told in detail how the other packages were brought in the survey and were deposited in the river and in the Ogden woods, near High bridge. She

spoke fairly intelligible English, with a very strong German accent.

During the recital Thorn's lawyers left their accustomed seats near the prisoner and were accommodated with chairs closer to the witness. Thorn listened to every word with his lips closely compressed, his hands clasped and resting on his knees. Frequently his lips became dry and parched and occasionally he would moisten them with his tongue. His face bore that same stolid look of indifference which it has worn all through, but his eyes were restless. When he was not gazing at his accuser he was casting furtive glances around the court room and up into the galleries.

"Thorn said: 'Woman I love you.' I said, 'I am a married woman.' 'I know better, you are not,' replied Thorn. 'Your husband lives in Astoria.' "Thorn again said he wanted to kill Guldensuppe. I said, 'No kill me.' One day I had another talk with Thorn and he again said he would kill Guldensuppe. I said, 'no,' he said 'yes.' One night Thorn and me quarreled. Martin grabbed me by the throat and held me till blood came from my nose and mouth. I then had a talk with Thorn about hiring a house at Woodside. We went out to see the house and Thorn offered the woman who had the key money, but she would not take it. We returned to the saloon in New York. This man owned the Woodside house and Thorn paid him \$15 in cash for one month's rent of the house. I think Thorn gave the name of Braun when he hired the house. Thorn took the receipt and told the landlord he did not know when he would move in. Then Thorn told me that he would kill Guldensuppe in the Ninth avenue house and put his body in a trunk and send it away. I said 'no don't do this.' Thorn then told me to bring Guldensuppe to Woodside and he would kill him there. I had to do all Martin told me to do."

Lawyer Howe took Mrs Nack in hand after she had given her evidence and subjected her to a severe cross-examination. He tried to impeach her character and to show to the court that her evidence was worthless.

### OUR DOORS BARRED.

Glasgow, Nov. 10.—The officials of the Joiners' union have posted notices in all the shops of the city forbidding members of the union to hang doors which have been made in the United States or to use manufactured joinery which has been imported from America. The reason for this notice, it is said, is that speculative builders have been importing large quantities of all classes of manufactured wood.

### ANOTHER STRIKE IS ON.

New York, Nov. 10.—About 1,500 clockmakers, representing thirty shops, went on strike to-day. The cause of the strike is due to a cut of five and ten cents in the wages of \$150, was announced by the contractors this morning.

### AFTER TWO CENTURIES.

Simsbury, Nov. 10.—The two hundredth anniversary of the founding of the First church of Christ (Congregational), was celebrated to-day in the presence of 500 persons. The exercises took place in the church building, which was built in 1830.

### A Blaze at Vanderbilt's.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 10.—The portiers in the dining room of the Rhua House, on Bellevue avenue, occupied by Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., caught fire this morning, and though extinguished by the servants of the house the flames and smoke caused a damage of \$150. Mrs. Vanderbilt, while endeavoring to pull down the hangings, had her hands burned, though not severely. The hangings caught from an overheated register above a hot furnace. The house is owned by Mrs. John H. Davis.

### Laurier in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and party arrived here yesterday afternoon and took quarters at the Shoreham. The members of the party are Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, Sir Louis and Lady Davies, Miss Ethel Davies, Professor J. M. Macdonald, Mr. R. M. Vanning, Mr. R. Boudreau and Mr. E. B. Williams. Sir Wilfrid asked to be excused to all interviews. During the evening Professor Thompson, the British seal expert, called on the premier and his assistants.

### Yellow Fever Subsidized.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 10.—Yellow fever continues on the decrease, and a fever of health is elated over the prospect of an early termination of the scare which has so badly crippled commerce. The business situation continues to brighten. The following are the new cases reported: Bridges, Nita Bohner, Raoul Gauthier, Miss R. Dameski, Miss Alberta Berger and Miss Laura Cummings. Deaths: G. D. Berry, Henry Laroque, Miss Petrie and Joseph Ducid.

### Fire in a Lunatic Asylum.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., Nov. 10.—The negro building, in which were 700 patients, of the State Lunatic asylum was burned, with a loss of \$35,000; fully covered by insurance. Heroic work by the citizens and firemen saved the lives of all the patients.

### Kelley's Trial Continued.

DOVER, N. H., Nov. 10.—The trial of Joseph E. Kelley for the murder of Cashier Stickney was continued here, evidence being submitted on behalf of the state. It is expected that the prosecution will have all its evidence in very shortly.

### Five Little Pigs Sold for \$1,150.

Fairfield, Ia., Nov. 10.—That the prices of live stock are rapidly increasing in Iowa is shown by the records of some Poland China pigs recently. E. M. Metzger sold one pig to S. E. Shellenberger, of Camden, O., for \$650. A litter of five pigs, born in February last, brought \$1,150. In all forty-one pigs were sold, netting \$25,000.

## TRUSTEE ARRESTED.

### WM. CALDWELL PLACED UNDER \$10,000 BONDS.

Jason Rogers' Heirs Suing Him—It Is Alleged by the Millionaire's Daughters That Caldwell Confessed to Having Misappropriated Large Amounts.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—William Caldwell, formerly proprietor of the Hotel Empire, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Walgreen at 107 Broadway. He was taken to the sheriff's office, where he was released on \$10,000 bail.

The arrest was made on an order issued by Justice Lawrence of the supreme court. The application was made in consequence of a suit against Mr. Caldwell and Thomas Rogers, as trustees under the will of Jason Rogers, the millionaire locomotive builder, of Paterson, N. J., brought by the heirs, Mrs. Mary J. Westerfield and her sister, Mrs. E. Rogers, to recover from Caldwell and his brother Thomas the sum of \$213,450.95 which they claim the deficit missing from the estate on Jan. 1, 1886.

This sum, they say, either Caldwell or his brother, or both jointly, have appropriated to their own use.

Thomas Caldwell died in Morrisania on Aug. 25, 1889, leaving an estate valued at over \$2,000,000. By the will the son Thomas and the two daughters, Mary J. and Flora, were provided for by trust bequests. Thomas and a brother of the elder Rogers were named as trustees. In 1886 the latter died, and Caldwell was appointed in his place and has since acted with Thomas. Neither was required to give bonds.

Mrs. Westerfield alleges that in May last she hired Charles Dutton, an expert accountant, to examine the accounts of the trustees. She says she found that early in 1889 Caldwell began to withdraw large sums from the trust funds for his own use. These appear on the accounts as "call loans."

She further alleges that on Sept. 22, 1893, the trustees presented their accounts to the surrogate of Westchester county. In them they charged themselves with having in hand \$758,378.89. This did not, however, contain an item of \$25,000 which Caldwell had taken for his own use. There was also another "call loan" item of \$19,623 which did not appear.

She alleges that in December, 1895, Caldwell confessed to her brother Thomas that he had misappropriated large amounts from the trust funds and that he turned over his interest in the Hotel Empire and other property to make restitution.

However, as all this property was heavily mortgaged, the hotel alone having a lien of \$510,000 against it, almost no equity was derived from it, and the deficit still stands.

### Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Pennsylvania—Hokendauqua, John Fullager. New York—Arcadia, John Dillenback; Billings, Ida M. Smith; Bloomingburg, George W. Colard; Brasher Center, W. W. Wilson; Brisen, Merritt W. Betts; Chatham Center, Andrew Van Alstyne; Florence, James Orr; Gorham, N. B. Cook; Hilton, Minnie Adams; Ira, F. A. Baldwin; Livingston Manor, William Smith; Long Lake, Patrick Mcweeney; Orie, Eraser Center, W. W. Wilson; Rossie, Charles W. Ormiston; West Camden, John H. Taylor; West Meredith, Mrs. J. L. Everett; Wheatville, Charles Dye; Woodbourne, John H. Snelpe.

### Judge Vincent Forsakes Lucretia.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Former Judge Vincent, who conducted the defense in the first trial of Adolph L. Loeber, has withdrawn from the case. Private business affairs was given as the cause of his withdrawal. Attorney Phelan, who was associated with Judge Vincent during the famous trial and who announced the latter's withdrawal, will conduct the defense at the second hearing, which, however, will not be called within six weeks.

### Want to Hasten the Execution.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The state authorities of California have asked the department of justice to hasten the mandate from the United States supreme court in the Durrant murder case, but the matter is one with which the department is not concerned. Thirty days are always taken in sending out mandates, unless the court orders that they shall be expedited, which is only done upon motion.

### Crocker Boys Caught a Thief.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 10.—Harold L. Graham, who claims to be a graduate of King's college, in Nova Scotia, and to have come here for the purpose of studying law at Brown university, is in the toils of the police on a charge of stealing from other students. Richard and Crocker's sons caught him by clever detective work. When accused, he made a clean breast of the thefts. He was held for trial on Friday.

### One Man Spent No Money at All.

ALBANY, Nov. 10.—Elon R. Brown, the successful candidate for senator in the Thirty-fifth district, certified to the secretary of state that his election expenses amounted to \$250. Ezra Tuttle, candidate of the United Democracy for supreme court judge in the Second judicial district, certified that he spent no money whatsoever in the furtherance of his candidacy or election.

### Suing Prince Bismarck.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—A man named Lange, who for 30 years has been Prince Bismarck's head forester in the Sachseme court in the United States, has begun suit against the prince to enforce the payment of an additional pension, which the ex-chancellor refused to grant him.

### SPAIN'S BID FOR PEACE.

Amnesty For Competitor Prisoners Will Remove Serious Danger.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Diplomatic representatives of all countries are greatly interested in the postponement of the trial of the Competitor prisoners. It is the general impression that Spain will grant them amnesty, and thus remove one of the most serious dangers of friction with the United States.

It is said that the Administration is in possession of official confirmation of the information that these prisoners will be included in an amnesty proclamation shortly to be issued by the Spanish Government. This action would indicate that the Sagasta Ministry intends to start its work of attempting the pacification of Cuba by completely reversing the policy of Gen. Weyler and by removing, as far as possible, all possibility of friction with the United States. The Competitor case has long been looked upon as one of the most threatening to the friendly relations of the two governments. It is said here that the Spanish Government proposes to direct the discharge of the Competitor prisoners upon the condition that they will leave the island of Cuba at once, never to return.

### CHINA AND GOLD.

New Departure in Her Currency Not Likely to Prove Practical.

London, Nov. 10.—According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, the Emperor of China and the Board of Revenue have approved a memorial presented in favor of establishing a gold standard and prohibiting the export of gold. It is doubtful, however, whether this will have any practical result.

Until 1889 China had no coinage of its own except brass "cash," small discs with square holes through them, and of which 1,350 are estimated to be worth a taal.

In 1890 China opened her mint, and has coined since many millions in silver. The standard of the country is silver, the Mexican dollar being largely used.

Gold is at present not even legal tender in the Celestial Empire. To-day the great masses of the people use only the "cash" in their daily transactions. The estimated monetary stock of the country is \$750,000,000 in silver and \$200,000,000 in cash.

China is supposed to have been the first nation in the world to experiment with paper money, having had an abundance of irredeemable "ship-lap-lap-lap" many centuries before the present era.

### SENATOR FORAKER TALKS.

States His Position as to the Ohio Senatorial Situation.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Senator Foraker arrived here yesterday afternoon from Cincinnati. He said he thought most of the disturbance over the Ohio Senatorship was in the Democratic papers. He continued:

"I do not know a thing about a fight over the Senatorship, except as I see stated in election day. So long as my Bushnell or any of the members-elect of the General Assembly, directly or indirectly, on the subject, and I do not know what is contemplated."

"All I have said to any one is that, so far as I am concerned, the campaign for election day. So long as I was a fight against Democrats. I spared neither time nor strength. If there should be a contest among Republicans, I shall not have anything to do with it, if allowed to act according to my preferences."

Senator Foraker expects to go to New York to-night or to-morrow.

### A LAND OF SKELETONS.

Famine Reduces Men to Bones in Archangel.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 10.—A terrible famine is ravaging the province of Archangel. He said he thought most of the disturbance over the Ohio Senatorship was in the Democratic papers. He continued:

The people wander about, reduced almost to skeletons, their heads swollen to the size of buckets. Tea is the only means of subsistence.

The Province of Archangel has an area of nearly two hundred and ninety thousand square miles, but it is one continuous flat and almost an unvaried scene of desolation, especially in the northwestern parts, where the ground remains frozen nine months in the year.

Almost the only crops raised are hemp, flax, potatoes and some rye, neither the climate nor the soil admitting of the cultivation of oats or wheat. The timber forms the principal wealth. In spite of these unfavorable conditions, the province has a population of about three hundred thousand souls.

### Revealed Through Jealousy.

New Orleans, Nov. 10.—Six years ago the body of Gen. Harrington, of Abbeville, was found floating in Bayou Vermillion. An autopsy showed that he had been murdered, but no evidence could be found as to the murderer. Yesterday Mrs. Horace Guidry testified that her husband had murdered Harrington. She had concealed the guilt of her husband until he had abandoned her for the widow of the man he had murdered. Jealousy prompted her action. Guidry was arrested and is now in jail charged with murder.

### No Hope for Dreyfus.

Paris, Nov. 10.—The Government has officially declared that ex-Capt. Dreyfus, who is now serving a sentence of life imprisonment for selling military secrets to a foreign government, was regularly and justly condemned by the court martial by which he was tried, and that the sentence imposed upon him must stand.

### Desperado Killed at Church.

Weston, W. Va., Nov. 10.—Milton Hickman, leader of a band of desperadoes, was shot and killed near a church by Deputy United States Marshal Rader and a large posse.

## SILVERITES ALARMED.

### CLOTURE IN THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Some Democrats Would Help Change the Rules to Clear the Way for a Monetary Bill Which They Would Not Directly Favor.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Notwithstanding the apparent impossibility that any financial legislation should get through Congress, some of the best informed Democrats and silver men insist in private that there will be a determined fight over the question, and that the outcome is uncertain. They exhibit considerable alarm and declare that there are many desperate expedients which will be adopted to get through the Senate the measure that will be passed by the House on the recommendation of the President. They say that the fight will start in the Senate on a proposition to adopt cloture, almost immediately after Congress convenes, and that there are some Senators who will vote to amend the Senate rules who could not justify themselves before their constituents if they voted directly to pass a currency-reform measure. Yet, if cloture is adopted, they believe that it may be possible to pass a currency measure which would be disastrous to the silver party.

The Republicans say nothing of such a plan, and on the surface it does not seem possible of accomplishment, but there is no doubt that those who oppose currency legislation are extremely anxious, and are preparing for a desperate struggle, which they say may last throughout the entire session.

The Republicans have forty-three Senators, and there being a vacancy, forty-five is a majority. The Democrats have thirty-four Senators, and there being a vacancy, thirty-five is a majority. Two Democrats, Lindsay and Gray, are likely to vote for a reform of the currency, if they have an opportunity, though they probably would not dare vote for cloture. If they did, it would pass the monetary bill. Now if some of those who would vote for a currency measure should vote for cloture, it would open the way for those who would vote for currency reform. It is not certain how Senator J. P. Jones or Senator Kyle would vote on the cloture proposition, but it is thought likely that Kyle would vote for it, and it is not improbable that Senator Jones would do the same.

It is impossible to get Republican authority for an assertion that this plan is in contemplation, but there is no question about the Democrats believing it and being anxious about it.

### THE SEALING CONFERENCE.

It Will Commence To-morrow and Will Be on a Broad Scope.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Gen. Foster and Sir Julian Pauncefote conferred yesterday as to the arrangements for the meeting of British, Canadian and American representatives relative to the Behring Sea. A general understanding was reached that the arrival of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian Premier, and party, would permit the meeting to open to-morrow, as to-day is likely to be given to an exchange of views between the Canadians and British.

The British Ambassador accompanied the Premier to the White House this morning and introduced him to the President. This was a call of courtesy, however, and it was not expected that any of the pending questions would be referred to the British Embassy has extended an invitation to Sir Wilfrid to be a guest during his stay here, but he has determined to remain with the other Canadian representatives at the Shoreham, where quarters have been engaged.

At a now definitely settled that the coming meeting will take a much broader scope than was first anticipated. At the outset there will be a comparison of notes between the seal experts, Mr. Hamlin for the United States, Prof. Thompson for Great Britain, and Prof. Macoun for Canada. The Canadian Premier and Sir Louis Davies, Sir Julian Pauncefote and Gen. Foster will be present in an unofficial capacity, ready to take up the larger phases of the question when the seal experts have concluded their exchange of technical information.

### WILL USE CHINESE AS MINERS.

An Announcement Which Caused Intense Excitement in Illinois.

Streator, Ill., Nov. 10.—The announcement that Chinamen would be placed in the mines of the Northern Illinois coal field has caused an immense excitement here, and a call has been issued for a full convention of the district to be held this afternoon in this city. Every shaft will send delegates, and in the meantime the various organizations will get together and take action.

It is understood that to-day's meeting will be of tremendous importance to the craft throughout the State, as it is claimed that if Chinamen are allowed to go to work here and elsewhere it will only be a matter of time when the coal employing kind of labor will be able to undersell those employing skilled hands and thus the price will be forced down. The situation here is looked upon by business men as most serious. The Chinese question has put a entirely new phase upon it. As to Streator alone the displacement of about three thousand men.

Weston, W. Va., Nov. 10.—Milton Hickman, leader of a band of desperadoes, was shot and killed near a church by Deputy United States Marshal Rader and a large posse.

The fight was protracted, and Rader and also two of Hickman's band were wounded.

Hickman left the mourners' bench to engage in the fight. He was a post office robber and the leader of a dangerous band. The affair was in the mountains, near Mud Lety.

### TRIED DOUBLE MURDER.

Shoots His Father-in-Law and Brother-in-Law and Himself.

Philadelphia, Nov. 10.—Frederick Fritz and his son Joseph, beer bottlers, of 2020 North Fourth street, were shot yesterday afternoon and mortally injured by Charles Garbach, the son-in-law of the elder Fritz, who afterward sent a bullet through his own brain. He died last evening.

Garbach is a cigar manufacturer, whose home is on Norris street, near by. A dispute growing out of business relations is said to have caused the crime. Frederick Fritz was the senior partner of the firm of Frederick Fritz & Sons. The business is at Fourth and Lethgow streets. The establishment is large, and the father and sons are well to do.

The crime occurred in the residence part of the building, which fronts on Fourth street. Garbach visited the Fritz residence this morning. He was in the place some time. Finally the neighbors heard angry words and other sounds, and a moment later they were followed by cries.

Neighbors rushed into the building, but before they reached the scene Garbach was seen to hurriedly leave the place. He ran directly to his own home, about a mile away, and there shot himself. Fritz and his son were hurriedly removed to the Episcopal Hospital, where it was found that both had been shot through the right temple. Garbach was also removed to the same institution. He had shot himself through the right temple.

### CHAOS IN AUSTRIA.

The Political Situation Is So Strained That Bloodshed May Result.

London, Nov. 10.—A letter received here from Vienna says that the published reports of the political situation in the Austro-Hungarian empire convey a gloomy idea of the chaos prevailing. "Baden must go," is the general war cry now, and his downfall is considered inevitable, regardless of the outcome of the present fight between the Germans and the Czechs. The letter adds:

No one can foresee how it will end. If the Germans win there may be bloodshed in Bohemia, and if the Bohemians are persistent the Germans will have to fight with their sharpest weapons to assert their prerogative and save the Austro-Hungarian duality. The danger, however, lies in the active party in the Reichsrath, which openly declares for Prussia, and wants to see the former German provinces, as Bohemia, handed to the Hohenzollerns."

### Killed Himself With Gas.

New York, Nov. 10.—After writing a letter to his wife, Ernest Sharland, 23 years old, of New Orleans, La., committed suicide yesterday by turning on the gas in his rooms at the Walton apartment house, 605 Fifth avenue. From what is known it would seem that business depression was a step in his self-destruction, but friends who have known him for a long time say that he killed himself because of quarrels with his family. He had been employed in New Orleans by the Washington Life Insurance Company, of this city, but had left its employ about a month ago. Ernest Sharland was a stepson of Doulton, the manufacturer of the famous English chinaware which bears that name.

### Ate Deadly Mushrooms.

Washington, Nov. 10.—Col. A. De Vecchi, an ardent Republican worker, is said by his doctors to be dying from the effects of mushrooms which he ate at breakfast.

Col. Vecchi was connected with the Republican National Committee at its New York headquarters during the last Presidential campaign, and is credited with having rendered much effective work for the party.

Dr. D. J. Kelley, an assistant examiner in the Pension Bureau, ate breakfast with Col. Vecchi, and was rendered seriously ill by the mushrooms. He was taken to the hospital for treatment yesterday. Col. Vecchi was too ill to be removed.

### Minnesota Millionaire Falls.

Mankato, Minn., Nov. 10.—John A. Willard, well known as a millionaire and banker, has made an assignment. Mr. Willard estimates his direct liabilities at about four hundred and eighty thousand dollars. All is secured with what was, when made, supposed to be ample security, and may be so.

His indirect liabilities are perhaps double the size of his direct. His assets are largely real estate, which was worth a few years ago considerably over two million dollars.

### More Appointments.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The President has made the following appointments: John T. Wilder, of Johnson City, Tenn., to be Pension Agent at Knoxville, Tenn.; Dwight Jarvis, to be Appraiser of Merchandise in the District of Tampa, Fla.; Eugene A. Webster, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of South Carolina. The following naval officers are promoted: Capt. John C. Watson, to be commodore; Commander French E. Chadwick, to be captain; Lieut.-Commander Frederick M. Wise, to be commander.

### She Tramped in Male Attire.

Pittsburg, Nov. 10.—A girl, giving her name as Elizabeth Hall and her home as Parkersburg, W. Va., was arrested here yesterday, dressed in male attire. She gave as a reason for wearing men's clothes that she had no money, and found she could beat her way on trains better by wearing trousers. She said she wanted to reach Elgin, Ill.

### "Blind Billy" Held for Murder.

Boston, Nov. 10.—William Crawford Leavitt, known about the streets as "Blind Billy," was arraigned in the Municipal Court yesterday charged with the murder of Alice Brown, last Wednesday night at 15 Corning street. He waived examination and was held for the Grand Jury without bail.

## SALISBURY'S IDEAS.

### ENGLAND'S PREMIER SPEAKS AT LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET.

No Mention of cealing Question—The Franco-British Troubles in West Africa Discussed and the Attitude of the Government Explained—The European Concert.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The brilliancy of the gathering at the lord mayor's banquet at the Guildhall last night was somewhat marred by the tokens of mourning for her royal highness the late Duchess of Teck. A majority of the ladies present wore gowns of black or dark gray.

The entrance of the Marquis of Salisbury, the prime minister, and Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, with the signal for loud applause, but the reception tendered the foreign diplomats was of the tamest character as compared with the enthusiasm which last year greeted the then ambassador of the United States, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard.

After the loyal and formal toasts, the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, responded for "The Army." In the course of his speech he eulogized "the gallant work being done on our Indian frontier, especially by the troops of those native rulers who have long wished to stand shoulder to shoulder with us." He then proceeded to point out the necessity for an increase of the army to meet "the requirements of imperial expansion."

The Marquis of Salisbury, on rising, was greeted with several minutes of "menial cheering." He began by deploring the engineers' dispute, which, he said, "involves the future prosperity or disaster of the country," but added that he was glad to say there was "a renewed prospect that the board of trade's intervention would prove successful." His lordship read a telegram from the queen, asking him to express how deeply her majesty felt the marvelous display of loyalty to the crown and to her person at the diamond jubilee festivities.

After referring to the conduct of the troops on the Indian frontier in terms similar to those used by the Marquis of Lansdowne and warmly praising the conduct of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition in the Sudan campaign, the premier dealt with the West Africa troubles with France.